SELF-ADVOCACY

IS THE ABILITY TO ARTICULATE

ONES SEEDS & MAKE INFORMED DECISIONS

ABOUT THE SUPPORT

NECESSARY

THOSE

TO MEET
NEEDS



KNOWLEDGE OF RIGHTS



LEADERSHIP SKILLS



KNOWLEDGE OF SELF



COMMUNICATION SKILLS

NEVER TOO EARLY

Self-advocacy is an **ongoing endeavor and can never be learned too early or too late in life.**Practicing self-advocacy is a critical element of the self-advocacy developmental process.

Individuals who practice are better prepared to self-advocate in the future.

BENEFITS OF SELF-ADVOCACY

For individuals with one or more disabilities, including those who are deaf, increases in self-advocacy skills contribute to increased quality of life, sense of agency, and overall well-being.¹

HOW CAN SELF-ADVOCACY SKILLS BE

FOSTERED IN DEAF INDIVIDUALS



RECOGNIZE & ADOPT A TEAM EFFORT

Empowering deaf individuals to self-advocate is a collaborative effort that involves the individual, parent, teachers, vocational rehabilitation counselors, and other disability service providers. Working as a team better ensures that the individual has a variety of opportunities to learn and practice essential self-advocacy skills, in particular explaining one's communication needs and requesting accommodations.



START THE PROCESS EARLY

Successful self-advocacy is based on a strong foundation of positive self-awareness and self-determination. When these fundamental self-advocacy skills are emphasized early in life, both at home and in school, the person is better situated to learn and execute the skills associated with being an effective self-advocate.



PROMOTE THE UNDERSTANDING OF ONE'S OWN HEARING LOSS

It is crucial that deaf individuals understand their own hearing loss and how it impacts communication in different environments. Knowing what one's own hearing loss means in various professional or personal contexts is the first step toward effectively explaining accommodation and communication needs, and offering creative solutions.



ENCOURAGE FLEXIBILITY TO EXPLORE WHAT "FITS"

Encouraging deaf youth to experiment and learn about accommodations that work best for them while they are young will **increase their familiarity with the range of accommodations and enhance their ability** to request, obtain, and effectively utilize them.



PROVIDE TOOLS THAT HELP ONE IDENTIFY & UNDERSTAND THEIR LEGAL RIGHTS

It is important that deaf individuals learn and understand the laws related to accommodation. Individuals should recognize how these laws apply in a variety of settings and be able to educate others about "equal access under the law."

WHAT ARE SOME WAYS THAT DEAF INDIVIDUALS

CAN PRACTICE SELF-ADVOCACY SKILLS?

PARTICIPATE IN EDUCATION & VOCATIONAL PLANNING

Individualized Education Planning (IEP) meetings are an excellent opportunity for high school students to showcase their self-advocacy skills. Individualized Plan for Employment (IPE) meetings for individuals utilizing state vocational rehabilitation services afford adults a similar opportunity. The process of articulating and justifying one's choices during an IEP or IPE meeting not only allows the individual to take a lead role in the development of a plan that is in sync with their educational and/or employment goals, but also provides them the opportunity to practice the art of seeking accommodations.





GAIN VOLUNTEER & SCHOOL-SPONSORED WORK EXPERIENCES

Requesting accommodations appropriately and reasonably is a vital skill in successful self-advocacy. Participating in volunteer and school-sponsored work experiences is an excellent venue for practicing this skill. **These environments allow individuals to experiment with a variety of communication strategies in a range of settings,** and to interact with individuals who may be unfamiliar with hearing loss in a lower-stakes setting

PARTICIPATE IN **SOCIAL ACTIVITIES &** FAMILY OUTINGS.

options on their own. Encouraging and supporting the individual to self-advocate for their own accommodations needs without family assistance is critical.

role models cannot be over-emphasized.



into effective self-advocacy techniques. The impact of exposure to

LEARN MORE:

Deaf Self-Advocacy Training: deafselfadvocacy.org

Additional resources on this subject may be available at: nationaldeafcenter.org/resources

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REFERENCES:

¹ Schoffstall, S. & Cawthon, S. (2013). From Theory to Practice: Self-Advocacy Skill Development of Students who are Deaf or Hard-of-Hearing who are Transitioning into Post-Secondary Settings. Literature review published by pepnet 2.







